CRESWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION Year Ended June 30, 2021

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

<u>Name</u>	Title	Term Expires
Mike Anderson	Chair	June 30, 2025
Lacey Risdal	Vice Chair	June 30, 2025
Ashley Miller	Member	June 30, 2023
Mark Parker	Member	June 30, 2023
Debi Wilkerson	Member	June 30, 2023
Kandice Lemhouse Worsham	Member	June 30, 2023
Tim Rogers	Member	June 30, 2025

The above board members receive mail at the address below.

ADMINISTRATIVE

Creswell School District 998 West A Street Creswell, Oregon 97426

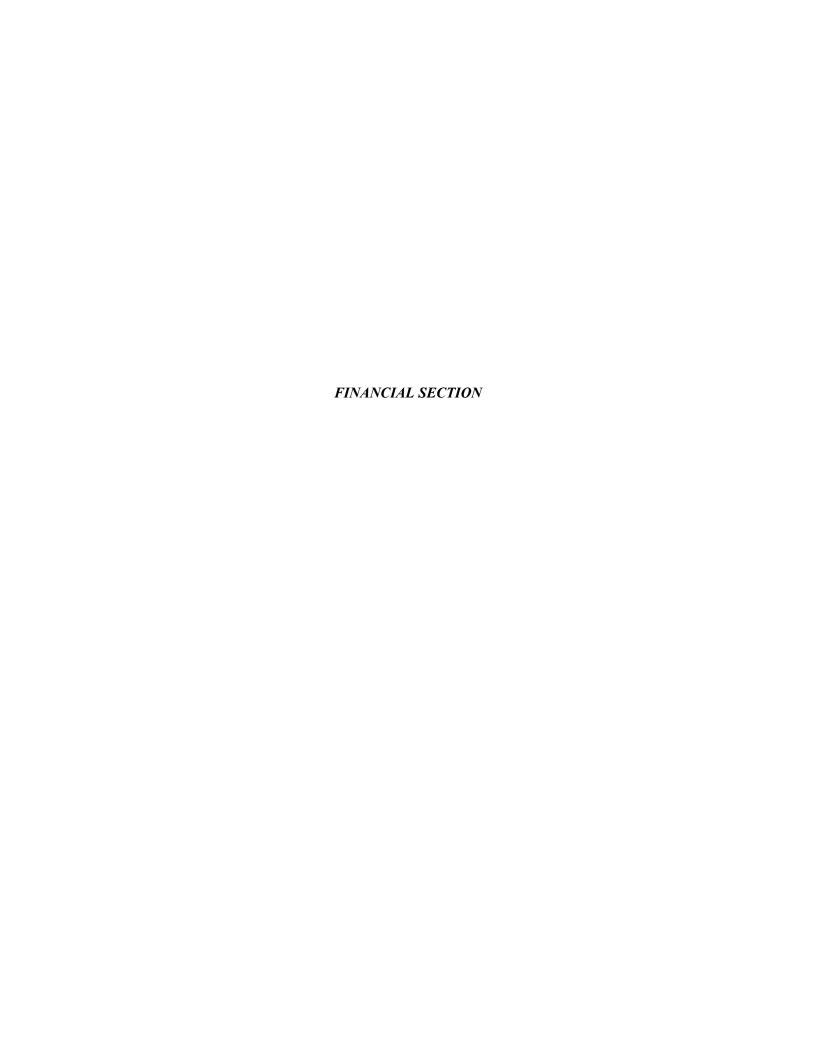
Michael Johnson, Superintendent, Clerk Chanel Green, Business Manager, Deputy Clerk

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GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AND CONSULTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board Creswell School District Creswell, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Creswell School District, Lane County, Oregon (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Creswell School District, Lane County, Oregon as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information (except as mentioned in the following paragraph) because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison information presented as required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 3, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated February 7, 2022, on our consideration of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Larry E. Grant. A Shareholde

February 7, 2022

CRESWELL SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2021

As management of Creswell School District (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- In the government-wide statements, the net position of the District totaled \$2,521,721 at June 30, 2021. Of this amount \$13,205,199, represents the District's investment in capital assets net of related debt, \$206,500 is restricted for debt service, and a deficit balance of \$10,889,978 is unrestricted.
- The District's total net position increased by \$201,258 during the year. This increase in net position resulted primarily from the net change in the various components of program revenues and general revenues. The change in these components is described more fully in the notes to the basic financial statements of this report.
- The District's governmental funds report a combined ending fund balance of \$4,519,831 at June 30, 2021, an increase of \$1,007,536 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,276,081 (about 24 percent of total General Fund expenditures).
- The District's bonded debt decreased by \$1,479,000 for the fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include:

The Statement of Net Position. The statement of net position presents information on all of the assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of the District as of the date on the statement. Net position is what remains after the liabilities have been paid off or otherwise satisfied. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities. The statement of activities presents information showing how the net position of the District changed over the most recent fiscal year by tracking revenues, expenses and other transactions that increase or reduce net position. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned and unused vacation leave).

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as governmental activities. All basic District functions are shown here, such as regular and special education, child nutrition services, transportation, administration, and facilities acquisition and construction. These activities are primarily financed through property taxes, Oregon's State School Fund and other intergovernmental revenues.

Fund financial statements. The *fund financial statements* provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Creswell School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund's statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Grants Fund, Facilities Fund, Nutrition Services Fund and Debt Service Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required and other supplementary information* related to combining fund statements and the schedules of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance-budget and actual.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Net Position below is provided on a comparative basis.

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$2,521,721 as of June 30, 2021.

Capital assets, which consist of the District's land, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, and equipment, represent about 77 percent of total assets. The remaining assets consist mainly of investments, cash, grants and property taxes receivable.

The District's largest liability (51 percent) is for the District's PERS unfunded actuarial liability and an OPEB liability represents the District's future responsibilities for other post-employment benefits. The repayment of long-term debt (general obligation bonds, pension bonds and capital leases) accounts for about 38 percent of the District's liabilities. Current liabilities, representing about 5 percent of the District's total liabilities, consist almost entirely of payables on accounts, salaries and benefits, and accrued interest on long-term debt.

A large portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, vehicles and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students and other District residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources (generally property taxes), since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Net position - restricted, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use, such as debt service payments or insurance claims.

Statements of Net Position June 30,

	2021	2020	Change
Current and other assets Net OPEB asset for RHIA Capital assets	\$ 6,177,945 229,328 21,569,813	\$ 5,402,534 121,691 22,195,240	\$ 775,411 107,637 (625,427)
Total assets	27,977,086	27,719,465	257,621
Deferred outflows	6,214,553	5,279,950	934,603
Total assets and deferred outflows	34,191,639	32,999,415	1,192,224
Current liabilities PERS net pension liability Total OPEB liability for medical subsidy Long-term debt	1,544,159 15,671,045 1,734,149 11,666,803	1,746,981 12,821,047 1,563,986 13,231,074	(202,822) 2,849,998 170,163 (1,564,271)
Total liabilities Deferred inflows	30,616,156 1,053,762	29,363,088 1,315,864	1,253,068 (262,102)
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	31,669,918	30,678,952	990,966
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	13,205,199 206,500 (10,889,978)	12,650,053 190,157 (10,519,747)	555,146 16,343 (370,231)
Total net position	\$ 2,521,721	\$ 2,320,463	\$ 201,258

Statement of Changes in Net Position. The District's net position increased by \$201,258 during the current fiscal year. This compares to a net decrease in net position of \$1,000,125 in the prior year. The key elements of the change in the District's net position for the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

- Operating grants and contributions increased by \$484,519, as a result of federal relief funding due to the pandemic.
- State School Fund increased by \$479,735, or 4.9 percent over the prior year.
- Total expenses decreased by \$564,382 mostly due to the pandemic. The District initiated a freeze on spending while students participated in distance learning. Due to a decrease in student enrollment, some vacated positions were left unfilled.

Statements of Activities Year ended June 30,

	2021	2020	<u>Change</u>		
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Fines, fees, and charges for services	\$ 47,660	\$ 272,413	\$ (224,753)		
Operating grants and contributions	2,377,853	1,893,334	484,519		
Capital grants and contributions	7,865	15,635	(7,770)		
General revenues					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	3,547,572	3,465,634	81,938		
Property taxes, levied for debt service	1,468,710	1,571,464	(102,754)		
Construction excise tax	36,840	7,094	29,746		
State school fund	10,344,713	9,864,978	479,735		
Common school fund	73,273	135,772	(62,499)		
Unrestricted state and local funds	100,428	98,596	1,832		
Earnings on investments	69,045	157,177	(88,132)		
Miscellaneous	143,596	98,457	45,139		
Total revenues	18,217,555	17,580,554	637,001		
Expenses					
Instructional services	10,671,479	10,685,424	(13,945)		
Support services	6,405,325	6,773,734	(368,409)		
Enterprise and community services	445,690	529,175	(83,485)		
Facilities services	7,695	2,195	5,500		
Interest on long-term liabilities	486,108	590,151	(104,043)		
Total expenses	18,016,297	18,580,679	(564,382)		
Change in net position	201,258	(1,000,125)	1,201,383		
Net position, beginning of year	2,320,463	3,320,588	(1,000,125)		
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,521,721	\$ 2,320,463	\$ 201,258		

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on relatively short-term cash flow and funding for future basic services. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

At June 30, 2021, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,519,831 which is an increase of \$1,007,536 in comparison with prior year

Major Governmental Funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. The fund balance was \$3,276,081 as of June 30, 2021. This is an increase of \$1,057,315 during the current fiscal year. As a measure of the fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance is equal to approximately 24 percent of total General Fund expenditures for the year.

Facilities Fund. This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to the improvement and replacement of school facilities. The fund balance increased by \$109,812 primarily as a result of a spending freeze.

Grants Fund. This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to multiple grants including: Title, SIA, ESSER, High School Success, YTP, KITS, and others.

Debt Service Fund. This fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general and limited-tax pension obligation bonded debt. The fund balance decreased by \$144,961 as a result of scheduled debt payments.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original budget compared to final budget. During the year, there were no changes made to the original budget

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and vehicles and equipment. As of June 30, 2021, the District had invested approximately \$22.2 million in capital assets, net of depreciation, as shown in the following table:

	2021		 2020	Change		
Land	\$	128,573	\$ 128,573	\$	-	
Buildings and improvements		20,972,646	21,609,858		(637,212)	
Equipment and vehicles		468,594	 456,809		11,785	
Total	\$	21,569,813	\$ 22,195,240	\$	(625,427)	

The District's investment in capital assets decreased by \$625,427 during the year ended June 30, 2021. Depreciation of \$724,521 and the purchase of two buses totaling \$99,094 were the major capital asset events for the fiscal year.

Additional information regarding the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total general obligation debt outstanding of \$8,675,000, PERS pension debt of \$2,560,000, qualified school construction bond debt of \$136,000, capital leases of \$59,184 and bond issuance premium of \$236,619.

During the current fiscal year, the District's total long-term debt decreased by \$1,564,271 due to debt repayments and amortization.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt the District may issue to 7.95 percent of its total real market value. The current debt limitation for the District is about \$103.8 million, which is significantly in excess of the District's outstanding general obligation debt.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The most significant economic factor for the District is the State of Oregon's State School Fund. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the State School Fund – General Support provided over seventy percent of the District's General Fund program resources.

The District projects a small decrease in enrollment for the 2021-2022 fiscal year, however, the COVID-19 pandemic increases the uncertainty of this projection.

The District's Budget Committee and School Board considered these factors while preparing the District's budget for the 2021-22 fiscal year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to present the user (citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Financial Services, 998 West A Street, Creswell, Oregon 97426.

 $\textit{STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES} \\ \textit{JUNE 30, 2021}$

ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	5,554,442
Receivables		191,491
Due from other governments		423,214
Inventories		8,798
OPEB net asset - RHIA		229,328
Capital assets not being depreciated		
Land		128,573
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		
Buildings and improvements		20,972,646
Equipment and vehicles		468,594
Total Assets		27,977,086
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred charges on refunding		742,189
Deferred outflows related to PERS		5,156,999
Deferred outflows related to OPEB - RHIA		27,230
Deferred outflows related to OPEB - medical subsidy		288,135
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		6,214,553
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		34,191,639
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,489,530
Accrued compensated absences		44,089
Accrued interest		10,540
Long-term liabilities		
Long-term debt due within one year		1,543,949
Long-term debt due in more than one year		10,122,854
PERS net pension liability		15,671,045
Total OPEB liability for medical subsidy		1,734,149
Total Liabilities		30,616,156
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to PERS		925,093
Deferred inflows related to OPEB - RHIA		86,491
Deferred inflows related to OPEB - medical subsidy		42,178
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,053,762
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		31,669,918
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		13,205,199
Restricted for debt service		206,500
Unrestricted		(10,889,978)
Total Net Position	\$	2,521,721
	-	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					Prog	ram Revenues	5		Ne	t (Expense)
		Expenses	Fees, Fines and Charges for Services		G	Operating Frants and Intributions	C Gra	apital ents and ributions	Re C	evenue and Change in Let Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS						_	-			
Governmental Activities:										
Instructional services	\$	10,671,479	\$	37,144	\$	1,602,256	\$	-	\$	(9,032,079)
Support services		6,405,325		10,350		83,267		-		(6,311,708)
Enterprise and community services		445,690		166		692,330		-		246,806
Facilities services		7,695		-		-		-		(7,695)
Interest on long-term liabilities		486,108						7,865		(478,243)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	18,016,297	\$	47,660	\$	2,377,853	\$	7,865		(15,582,919)
General Revenues:										
Property taxes, levied for general pur	poses	S								3,547,572
Property taxes, levied for debt service	•									1,468,710
Construction excise tax										36,840
State school fund										10,344,713
Common school fund										73,273
Unrestricted state and local funds										100,428
Earnings on investments										69,045
Miscellaneous										143,596
Total General Revenues										15,784,177
Change in Net Position										201,258
Net Position - beginning of year										2,320,463
Net Position - end of year									\$	2,521,721

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

				Special	Revenu	e						
	General Facilities Grants		Grants	De	Other Governmental Debt Service Funds			<u>Total</u>				
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	4,321,564	\$	756 642	\$	3,510	\$	155,131	\$	217 505	\$	5,554,442
Property taxes receivable	\$	128,057	Þ	756,642 -	Э	3,310	3	61,928	Þ	317,595	Ф	189,985
Due from other funds		370,188		-		-		-		-		370,188
Receivable from other governments		26,960		28,034		350,274		-		25,811		431,079
Other receivables		1,506		-		-		-				1,506
Inventories										8,798		8,798
Total Assets	\$	4,848,275	\$	784,676	\$	353,784	\$	217,059	\$	352,204	\$	6,555,998
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	583,048	\$	-	\$	25,302	\$	-	\$	4,882	\$	613,232
Due to other funds		-		-		340,522		-		29,666		370,188
Accrued expenses		866,724		7,865		-		-		-		874,589
Other liabilities		9,574										9,574
Total Liabilities		1,459,346		7,865		365,824		-		34,548		1,867,583
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		112,848		-		-		55,736		-		168,584
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable												
Inventory		-		-		-		-		8,798		8,798
Restricted for								161 204				161 204
Debt service		-		-		-		161,304		-		161,304
Committed to Student body										276,031		276,031
Facility improvements		-		776,811		-				270,031		776,811
Grants				770,011						_		770,011
Capital projects		_		_		_		_		41,110		41,110
Debt service		_		_		-		19				19
Unassigned		3,276,081		-		(12,040)		-		(8,283)		3,255,758
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		3,276,081		776,811		(12,040)		161,323		317,656		4,519,831
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	4,848,275	\$	784,676	\$	353,784	\$	217,059	\$	352,204	\$	6,555,998

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

FUND BALANCES			\$ 4,519,831
Capital assets are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the			
governmental funds:	_		
Cost	\$	35,639,528	21.560.012
Accumulated depreciation		(14,069,715)	21,569,813
A portion of the District's property taxes are collected after year-end but are not			
available soon enough to pay for the current year's operations, and therefore are			
not reported as revenue in the governmental funds.			168,584
Long-term pension liabilities not payable in the current year are not reported as			
governmental fund liabilities. Actuarial changes create deferred outflows			
and inflows of resources. These consist of:			
PERS net pension liability		(15,671,045)	
PERS deferred outflows of resources		5,156,999	
PERS deferred inflows of resources		(925,093)	(11,439,139)
Long-term OPEB assets/(liabilities) not payable in the current year are not reported as			
governmental fund liabilities. Actuarial changes create deferred outflows			
and inflows of resources. These consist of:			
Net OPEB asset for RHIA		229,328	
RHIA OPEB deferred outflows of resources		27,230	
RHIA OPEB deferred inflows of resources		(86,491)	
Total OPEB liability for medical subsidy		(1,734,149)	
Medical OPEB deferred outflows of resources		288,135	
Medical OPEB deferred inflows of resources		(42,178)	(1,318,125)
Long-term liabilities not payable in the current year are not reported as governmental			
fund liabilities. Interest in long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds,			
but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. During refunding of debt,			
the difference between the net carrying amount of the old debt and the reacquisition			
price (amount transferred to escrow for payment of the old debt) is deferred interest and			
is amortized as an adjustment of interest expense in the statement of activities over the			
remaining life of the refunded debt.			
These liabilities consist of:			
Accrued interest		(10,540)	
Accrued compensated absences		(44,089)	
Long-term debt		(11,666,803)	
Less deferred charges from refunding		742,189	 (10,979,243)
TOTAL NET POSITION			\$ 2,521,721

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Special	l Reve	nue										
	General	Facilities			Grants	Debt Service		Debt Service		Debt Service		Other Governmental Funds			Total
REVENUES	 _				_										
Property taxes	\$ 3,554,162	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,477,385	\$	-	\$	5,031,547				
Construction excise tax	-		36,840		-		-		-		36,840				
Intergovernmental															
Intermediate sources	56,232		-		-		-		-		56,232				
State sources	10,749,320		-		717,411		-		85,408		11,552,139				
Federal sources	347,017		7,865		416,459		-		351,602		1,122,943				
Charges for services	10,350		-		-		-		32,387		42,737				
Contributions	986		-		84,023		-		22,964		107,973				
Investment earnings	50,432		5,281		-		12,388		945		69,046				
Miscellaneous	 171,911		29,531		5,445		415,945		1,554		624,386				
Total Revenues	14,940,410		79,517		1,223,338		1,905,718		494,860		18,643,843				
EXPENDITURES															
Current															
Instruction	8,027,335		-		1,096,134		-		290,534		9,414,003				
Support services	5,401,239		51,528		271,824		-		-		5,724,591				
Enterprise and community services	-		-		3,392		-		417,590		420,982				
Debt service															
Principal	-		34,000		-		1,445,000		45,835		1,524,835				
Interest and other charges	-		9,546		-		439,383		3,873		452,802				
Capital outlay	 8,520				-		<u> </u>		90,574		99,094				
Total Expenditures	13,437,094		95,074		1,371,350		1,884,383		848,406		17,636,307				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,503,316		(15,557)		(148,012)		21,335		(353,546)		1,007,536				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)															
Transfers in	-		125,369		-		_		320,632		446,001				
Transfers out	(446,001)		-		-		-		-		(446,001)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (446,001)		125,369		-		-		320,632		-				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	 1,057,315		109,812		(148,012)		21,335		(32,914)		1,007,536				
FUND BALANCES, beginning	2,218,766		666,999		135,972		139,988		350,570		3,512,295				
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ 3,276,081	\$	776,811	\$	(12,040)	\$	161,323	\$	317,656	\$	4,519,831				
	 									_					

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	
Expenditures for capital assets \$ 99,094	(605, 405)
Less current year depreciation (724,521)	(625,427)
Long-term debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources in governmental funds. In the Statement of Net Position, however, issuing long-term debt increases liabilities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount by which repayments exceeded proceeds:	
Debt principal repaid 1,524,835	
Amortization of bond premium 39,436	1 440 572
Amortization of deferred interest from refunding (123,698)	1,440,573
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on long-term debt, whereas	
in the governmental funds it is recorded as an interest expense when due.	1,248
Property taxes that do not meet the measurable and available criteria are not	
recognized as revenue in the current year in the governmental funds. In the	
Statement of Activities property taxes are recognized as revenue when levied.	(15,267)
In the Statement of Activities, pension expense is adjusted based on actuarially	
determined contribution changes: Net change in PERS net pension liability (2,849,998)	
Net change in PERS deferred outflows of resources 953,615	
Net change in PERS deferred inflows of resources 312,526	(1,583,857)
In the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is adjusted based on actuarially	
determined contribution changes:	
Net change in net OPEB liability/asset for RHIA 107,637 Net change in RHIA OPEB deferred outflows of resources 19,193	
Net change in RHIA OPEB deferred outflows of resources 19,193 Net change in RHIA OPEB deferred inflows of resources (61,874)	
Net change in total OPEB liability for medical subsidy (01,874)	
Net change in medical OPEB deferred outflows of resources 85,493	
Net change in medical OPEB deferred inflows of resources 11,450	(8,264)
Compensated absences are recognized as an expenditure in the governmental fund	
when they are paid. In the Statement of Activities compensated absences are recognized as expenditures when earned.	(15,284)
recognized as expenditures when earned.	(13,404)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION \$	201,258

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Creswell School District (the District) is a municipal corporation governed by a separately elected seven-member Board of Directors. Administrative officials are approved by the Board. The daily functioning of the District is under the supervision of the Superintendent-Clerk. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, all activities of the District have been included in the basic financial statements.

The District qualifies as a primary government since it has a separately elected governing body, is a legally separate entity, and is fiscally independent. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) governmental organizations for which the primary government is not financially accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their financial relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be governmental organizations for which the primary government is not financially accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their financial relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no component units.

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District. These statements include the governmental financial activities of the overall District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities are financed primarily through property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of its functions/programs. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to that function. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include: (1) charges to students or others for tuition, fees, rentals, material, supplies or services provided and (2) operating grants and contributions and (3) capital grants and contributions. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including property taxes and state support, are presented as general revenues.

Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally restricted, imposed by creditors (such as through grantors, contributors or laws) or through constitutional provisions or enabling resolutions.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund category are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each being displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the District's primary operating fund and accounts for all revenues and expenditures except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal revenue sources are an apportionment from the State of Oregon and property taxes.

Facilities Fund - This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to the improvement and replacement of school facilities.

Grants Fund – This fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to grant income received by the District.

Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general and limited-tax pension obligation bonded debt. Principal revenue sources are property taxes and charges to other funds. It also accounts for payments of principal and interest on bonded debt issued to fund a portion of the District's unfunded actuarial liability to Oregon PERS. Principal revenue sources for PERS bond payments are charges to other funds.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues.

Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both net position – restricted and net position – unrestricted available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general resources.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Proceeds from issuance of debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash and Investments

The District's cash consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Short-term investments are stated at cost which approximates fair value.

The District's investments consist of time certificates of deposit, banker's acceptances, commercial paper, U.S. Government Agency securities, and the State of Oregon Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). Time certificates of deposit are stated at cost which approximates fair value. Banker's acceptances, commercial paper, U.S. Government Agency securities, and the LGIP are stated at amortized cost which approximates fair value.

The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. It is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the State that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon legislature established the Oregon Short Term Fund Board. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment options of the LGIP.

Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Uncollected property taxes are recorded on the statement of net position. Uncollected taxes are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible taxes has been established. All property taxes receivable are due from property owners within the District.

Accounts and Other Receivables

Accounts and other receivables are comprised primarily of State school support and claims for reimbursement of costs under various federal and state grants. At June 30, 2021 no allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary.

Grants

Unreimbursed expenditures due from grantor agencies are reflected in the basic financial statements as receivables and revenues. Grant revenues are recorded at the time eligible expenditures are incurred. Grant monies received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures are recorded as unearned revenue on the statement of net position and the balance sheet.

Inventories

Inventories of supplies and materials in the governmental funds are stated at cost. Inventories of food and supplies are valued at invoice cost (first-in, first-out). Inventoried items are charged to expenditures of the user department at the time of withdrawal from inventory (consumption method). Commodity inventories are not recorded as title to them is not considered to pass to the District until they are consumed.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at original or estimated original cost. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at their acquisition value on the date donated. The District defines capital assets as individual assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of one year.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 20 to 60 years Equipment and vehicles 3 to 20 years

Retirement Plans

Substantially all of the District's employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The District also offers its employees a tax deferred annuity plan established pursuant to Section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and a deferred compensation plan established pursuant to Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

The Board of Directors, through contract negotiation, previously authorized the District to offer early retirement health insurance benefits to all non-temporary employees. Expenditures are recorded in the governmental funds as insurance premiums are incurred. The actuarially determined total OPEB liabilities are recorded in the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District. All unused vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignation and retirements.

Long-term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt is reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. Material bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2021

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Long-term Debt (Continued)

In the fund financial statements bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized when incurred and not deferred. The face amount of the debt issued, premiums received on debt issuances, and discounts are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The District has four items that arise only under a full accrual basis of accounting that qualify for reporting in this category. The District reports one type related to deferred amounts from refunding bonds, one type related to the net OPEB-RHIA liability/asset, one type related to the total medical OPEB liability, and one type related to the net PERS pension liability. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. The balance sheet reports unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. The statement of net position reports one type related to the net OPEB-RHIA liability, one related to the total medical OPEB liability, and one type related to the net PERS pension liability. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Governmental Fund Balances

In the governmental financial statements, fund balances are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Governmental Fund Balances (Continued)

Governmental Fund type fund balances are classified as follows:

- Nonspendable Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories, prepaids and deposits, and assets held for resale.
- Restricted Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes when the constraints placed on the use of these resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School Board. The School Board can modify or rescind the commitment at any time through taking a similar formal action (resolution).
- Assigned Amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance. Intent is expressed when the School Board approves which resources should be "reserved" during the adoption of the annual budget. The District's Business Manager uses that information to determine whether those resources should be classified as assigned or unassigned for presentation in the District's Annual Financial Report.
- Unassigned All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. This residual classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund. This classification is also used to report any negative fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications - committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

Definitions of Governmental Fund Types

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term "proceeds of specific revenues sources" means that the revenue sources for the fund must be from restricted or committed sources, specifically that a substantial portion of the revenue must be from these sources and be expended in accordance with those requirements.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. Debt service funds should be used to report resources if legally mandated. Financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years should also be reported in debt service funds.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budget

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each governmental fund type on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budgetary basis of accounting is the same as accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the governmental fund types except that capital outlay expenditures, including items below the District's capitalization level, are budgeted by major function in governmental fund types. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations.

Appropriations are established at the major function level (instruction, support services, enterprise and community services, facilities acquisition and construction, debt service, operating contingency and transfers) for each fund. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific, detailed information for the aforementioned expenditure categories. The budget is adopted, appropriations made, and the tax levy declared no later than June 30 each year. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriation resolution.

Supplemental budgets less than 10 percent of a fund's original budget may be adopted by the Board at a regular meeting. A supplemental budget greater than 10 percent of a fund's original budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers and approval by the Board. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control (major function levels) with Board approval. During the year, one appropriation transfer was made and no supplemental budgets were adopted. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

The District maintains an internal cash and investments pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of the pool is displayed in the basic financial statements as "Cash and Investments."

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments are comprised of the following as of June 30, 2021:

Cash on hand	\$ 980
Cash on deposit with financial institutions	740,712
Amounts held in escrow, restricted for debt service	10,731
State Treasurer's Investment Pool	4,802,019
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 5,554,442

Deposits

The book balance of the District's bank deposit accounts was \$740,712 and the bank balance was \$836,722 at year-end. Bank deposits are secured to legal limits by federal deposit insurance. The remaining amount is secured in accordance with ORS 295 under a collateral program administered by the Oregon State Treasurer.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the District's deposits with financial institutions for up to \$250,000 each for the aggregate of all demand accounts and the aggregate of all time and savings deposits accounts at each institution. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage are with institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP).

The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories, better protecting public funds though still not guaranteeing that all funds are 100 percent protected. Barring any exceptions, a bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at least 10 percent of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are well capitalized, 25 percent of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are adequately capitalized or 110 percent of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110 percent by the Office of the State Treasurer. In the event of a bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public funds bank depositories is available to repay deposits of public funds of government entities. The District's bank balances exceeded FDIC limits by \$586,722 as of June 30, 2021, all of which was covered by PFCP.

Investments

State statutes authorize the District to invest primarily in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certain commercial paper and the state treasurer's investment pool, among others.

The Treasurer of the State of Oregon maintains the Oregon Short Term Fund, of which the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is a part. Participation by local governments is voluntary. The State of Oregon investment policies are governed by statute and the Oregon Investment Council. In accordance with Oregon Statutes, the investment funds are invested as a prudent investor would do, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. The Oregon Short Term Fund is the LGIP for local governments and was established by the State Treasurer. It was created to meet the financial and administrative responsibilities of federal arbitrage regulations. The investments are regulated by the Oregon Short Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). At June 30, 2021, the fair value of the position in the Oregon State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Pool was approximately equal to the value of the pool shares. The investment in the Oregon Short-term Fund is not subject to risk evaluation. Separate financial statements for the Oregon Short-term Fund are available from the Oregon State Treasurer.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Investments

ORS 294.035 does not allow for an investment in any one single corporate entity indebtedness that is in excess of five percent of the District's total monies available for investment.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateralized securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy limits the types of investments that may be held and does not allow securities to be held by the counterparty.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments (Continued)

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments in U.S. Treasury securities, U.S. Agency securities, state and local government obligations, and corporate securities are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs).

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2020		Increases		Decreases		Balance June 30, 2021	
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	128,573	\$	_	\$	-	\$	128,573
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements		33,630,241		-		_		33,630,241
Equipment and vehicles		1,781,620	99,094		<u> </u>			1,880,714
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	35,411,861		99,094		-			35,510,955
Accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(12,020,383)		(637,212)		-		(12,657,595)
Equipment and vehicles		(1,324,811)		(87,309)		=		(1,412,120)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(13,345,194)		(724,521)		_		(14,069,715)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net		22,066,667		(1,349,948)		_		21,441,240
Total Capital Assets, net	\$	22,195,240	\$	(1,349,948)	\$		\$	21,569,813

Depreciation expense for the year was charged to the following programs:

Program	
Instructional services	\$ 612,568
Support services	
Pupil transportation	91,540
Other support services	10,523
Enterprise and community services	2,195
Facilities services	 7,695
Total depreciation expense	\$ 724,521

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions during the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2021	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 9,860,000	\$ -	\$ 1,185,000	\$ 8,675,000	\$ 1,230,000
Qualified school construction bonds	170,000	-	34,000	136,000	-
PERS pension bonds	2,820,000		260,000	2,560,000	295,000
Total bonds	12,850,000	-	1,479,000	11,371,000	1,525,000
Capital leases	105,019		45,835	59,184	18,949
Subtotal	12,955,019	-	1,524,835	11,430,184	1,543,949
Issuance premium - Series 2013B	276,055		39,436	236,619	
Total	\$13,231,074	\$ -	\$ 1,564,271	\$ 11,666,803	\$ 1,543,949

General Obligation Bonds Payable

<u>General Obligation Bonds – Series 2013A</u> – In February 2013, the District issued bonds in the amount of \$8,585,000 to refinance certain outstanding General Obligation Bonds that financed or refinanced capital construction and improvements. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$120,000 to \$1,460,000, plus interest paid semi-annually at 0.32% to 2.44% through 2021.

This bond was paid off during the year.

General Obligation Bonds – Series 2013B – In February 2013, the District issued bonds in the amount of \$9,205,000 to refinance certain outstanding General Obligation Bonds that financed or refinanced capital construction and improvements. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$85,000 to \$1,575,000, plus interest paid semi-annually at 2.00% to 5.00% through 2027. The bonds were issued at a premium, which is being amortized through 2027.

The bonds are secured by the full faith and credit taxing power of the District. In the event of default, the bonds shall not be subject to acceleration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds Payable (Continued)

Future debt service requirements for general obligation bonds are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 1,230,000	\$ 254,053	\$ 1,484,053
2023	1,410,000	204,853	1,614,853
2024	1,530,000	134,353	1,664,353
2025	1,430,000	102,223	1,532,223
2026	1,500,000	70,763	1,570,763
2027-2028	1,575,000	37,013	1,612,013
	\$ 8,675,000	\$ 803,258	\$ 9,478,258

Qualified School Construction Bonds Payable

Qualified School Construction Bonds – Series 2010A – In July 2010, the District issued bonds in the amount of \$500,000 to finance the costs of real and personal property improvements. The bonds are due in interest-free installments of \$25,000 to \$170,000 through 2025. Interest is subsidized by the federal government. Levied tax revenues are being set aside in a sinking fund to meet these obligations of \$34,000 per year through 2025. The District is in compliance with this requirement.

The bonds are secured by the full faith and credit taxing power of the District. In the event of default, the bond shall not be subject to acceleration.

Future debt service requirements for qualified school construction bonds are as follows:

Year	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		Total	
2025	\$	136,000	\$		\$	136,000

PERS Pension Bonds Payable

<u>PERS Pension Bond – Series 2007</u> – In October 2007, the District issued bonds in the amount of \$4,345,000 to finance the pension liabilities of the District. The bonds are due in annual installments of \$40,000 to \$485,000, plus interest paid semi-annually at 4.89% to 5.62% through 2028.

The bonds are secured by the full faith and credit taxing power of the District. In the event of default, the bond shall not be subject to acceleration.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

PERS Pension Bonds Payable (Continued)

Future debt service requirements for PERS pension bonds are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	 Principal		Interest		Total	
2022	\$ 295,000	\$	143,795	\$	438,795	
2023	325,000		127,226		452,226	
2024	360,000		108,970		468,970	
2025	400,000		88,748		488,748	
2026	440,000		66,280		506,280	
2027-2028	 740,000		55,890		795,890	
	\$ 2,560,000	\$	590,909	\$	3,150,909	

Capital Leases

<u>2017 Blue Bird Bus</u> – In April 2017, the District entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a school bus in the amount of \$134,476. The lease was paid in full during the current year.

<u>2019 Thomas Bus</u> – In June 2019, the District entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a school bus in the amount of \$129,842. The lease is due in semi-annual installments through 2024.

Future minimum lease obligations included in debt service requirements summarized above are as follows:

<u>Year</u>	 rincipal	 nterest	 Total
2022	\$ 18,949	\$ 2,403	\$ 21,352
2023	19,718	1,634	21,352
2024	20,517	833	21,350
	\$ 59,184	\$ 4,870	\$ 64,054

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

INTER-FUND ACTIVITY

The District completed the following inter-fund transactions during the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Tra	insfers In	Transfers Out		
Fund					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	446,001	
Facilities Fund		125,369		-	
Other Governmental Funds					
Nutrition Services		58,500		-	
Student Activity		250,000		-	
Vehicle Replacement		12,132		-	
	\$	446,001	\$	446,001	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Inter-fund activities occasionally include inter-fund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These inter-fund receivables and payable are expected to be repaid within one year.

PENSION PLAN

The District participates and contributes to the Oregon Public Employee Retirement System (PERS). The breakdown of the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources for PERS are:

	Total
Net Pension Liability	\$ 15,671,045
Pension Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,156,999
Pension Deferred Inflows of Resources	925,093
Pension Expense	1,583,857

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employee defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/PERS/pages/financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION PLAN (Continued)

PERS Pension (Chapter 238)

Pension Benefits. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided on or more of the following contributions are met:

- member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
- member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
- member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes After Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The 2003 Oregon Legislature passed PERS reform legislation that essentially created a new retirement plan for employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. These employees became members of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP). OPSRP is a hybrid retirement plan with two components: the Pension Program (defined benefit plan) and the Individual Account Program (defined contribution; established and maintained as a tax-qualified governmental defined contribution plan). OPSRP is administered by PERS.

Pension Benefits. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement. Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2019. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$1,697,709, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. For the year ended June 30, 2021, \$411,022 was charged as PERS benefits expenditures to be used for bond payments as they become due. Employer pension expense of \$1,583,857 was recognized during the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a net pension liability of \$15,671,045 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018 rolled forward to a measurement date of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.0718 percent, which was a decrease of .0023 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERS from the following sources:

	rred Outflow Resources	•	rred (Inflow) Resources	 Net
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 689,716	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions	841,015		(29,467)	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments	1,842,711		-	
Changes in proportionate share	-		(826,119)	
Difference between employer contributions and employer's				
proportionate share of system contributions	85,848		(69,507)	
Subtotal - amortized deferrals (below)	 3,459,290		(925,093)	\$ 2,534,197
District contributions subsequent to measurement date	1,697,709			
Total deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$ 5,156,999	\$	(925,093)	

Deferred outflows of resources related to PERS of \$1,697,709 resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net PERS liability in the year June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to PERS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount		
2022	\$ 470,047		
2023	770,420		
2024	750,648		
2025	552,417		
2026	(9,335)		
Total	\$ 2,534,197		

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS systemwide GASBS No. 68 reporting summary dated March 12, 2021. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited ACFR which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/PERS/pages/financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Valuations

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation date	December 31, 2018			
Measurement date	June 30, 2020			
Experience study	2018, published July 2019			
Actuarial Assumptions				
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal			
Inflation Rate	2.50%			
Long-term expected rate of return	7.20%			
Discount rate	7.20%			
Projected salary increases	3.50%			
Cost of living adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in			
	accordance with Moro decision; blend based on service.			
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:			
	Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex,			
	Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-			
	backs as described in the valuation.			
	Active members:			
	Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social			
	Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs			
	as described in the valuation.			
	Disabled retirees:			
	Pub-2010 Disable Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex,			
	Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-			
	backs as described in the valuation.			

(Source: June 30, 2020 Oregon PERS ACFR; Table 25 page 71)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2018 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2018.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Depletion Date Projection – GASBS No. 67 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASBS No. 67 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASBS No. 67 (paragraph 43) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for Oregon PERS:

- Oregon PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100 percent funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASBS No. 67 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASBS No. 67 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

(Source: June 30, 2020 Oregon PERS ACFR; page 70)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Assumed Asset Allocation

Asset Class/Strategy	OIC Policy Range	Current Year Target
Debt Securities	15.0 - 25.0	20.0 %
Public Equity	27.5 - 37.5	32.5
Real Estate	9.5 - 15.5	12.5
Private Equity	14.0 - 21.0	17.5
Alternative Equity	7.5 - 12.5	15.0
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0 - 3.0	0.0
Risk Parity	0.0 - 2.5	2.5
Total		100.0 %

(Source: June 30, 2020 Oregon PERS ACFR; page 102)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2017 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

(Source: June 30, 2020 Oregon PERS ACFR page 70)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation *	Return	Return	Deviation
Core Fixed Income	9.60 %	4.14 %	4.07 %	3.90 %
Short-Term Bonds	9.60	3.70	3.68	2.10
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.60	5.40	5.19	6.85
High Yield Bonds	1.20	6.13	5.74	9.35
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	16.17	7.35	6.30	15.50
Small Cap US Equities	1.35	8.35	6.68	19.75
Micro Cap US Equities	1.35	8.86	6.79	22.10
Developed Foreign Equities	13.48	8.30	6.91	17.95
Emerging Market Equities	4.24	10.35	7.69	25.35
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.93	8.81	7.25	19.10
Private Equity	17.50	11.95	8.33	30.00
Real Estate (Property)	10.00	6.19	5.55	12.00
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50	8.29	6.69	21.00
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	1.50	4.28	4.06	6.90
Hedge Funds - Event-driven	0.38	5.89	5.59	8.10
Timber	1.13	6.36	5.61	13.00
Farmland	1.13	6.87	6.12	13.00
Infrastructure	2.25	7.51	6.67	13.85
Commodities	1.13	5.34	3.79	18.70
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.50 %	1.65 %

^{*} Based on the OIC Statement of Investment Objectives and Policy Framework for the Oregon Public Employees Retirement Fund, revised as of June 7, 2017

(Source: June 30, 2020 Oregon PERS ACFR; Table 31; Page 74)

Sensitivity - Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate.

^{*} The arithmetic mean is a component that goes into calculation the geometric mean. Expected rates of return are presented using the geometric mean, which the Board uses in setting the discount rate

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

	1% Decrease (6.20%)	Discount Rate (7.20%)	1% Increase (8.20%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 23,270,208	\$ 15,671,045	\$ 9,298,795

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online at the below website, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO BOX 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700. http://www.oregon.gov/PERS/pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx

OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Plan Description – ORS Chapter 238A created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), which consists of the Defined Benefit Pension Program and the Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of Oregon PERS, and is administered by the Oregon PERS Board.

Pension Benefits – An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits – Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lumpsum payment.

Contributions – The District pays or "picks up" 6 percent of the employees covered payroll. The District paid \$350,210 in employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs)

The District offers a postemployment health insurance subsidy and contributes to a retirement health insurance account through Oregon Public Employees Retirement System. The breakdown of the OPEB liability or asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to these OPEB plans are as follows:

			Reti	ree Health	
	Medical Subsidy		Insurance Account (RHIA)		
					Total
Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,734,149	\$	-	\$ 1,734,149
Net OPEB Asset		-		229,328	229,328
OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources		288,135		27,230	315,365
OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources		42,178		86,491	128,669
OPEB Expense (Revenue)		73,220		(64,956)	8,264

Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits (Medical Subsidy)

The Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits (Medical Subsidy) for the District combines two separate plans. The District provides an implicit rate subsidy for retiree health insurance premiums, and a contribution toward eligible participants' medical premiums.

As of the valuation date of July 1, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefits	5
Active employees	157
	162

Plan Description - Explicit Subsidy - The District maintains a single-employer defined benefit early retirement supplement program for its employees. This program covers full-time licensed personnel of the District who retire with at least 20 consecutive years of service to the District and were hired prior to April 4, 2005. Benefits are offered until age 65 or death. Coverage continues for a maximum duration of 5 years, starting at the end of the year in which the employee is first eligible for unreduced retirement under Oregon PERS. The District does not issue a standalone report for this plan. The eligible licensed employee's aggregate cost of a retiree's program shall not exceed \$1,330 in any one month.

Plan Description - Implicit Subsidy - The District operates a single-employer defined benefit plan that provides postemployment health, dental, vision and life insurance benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. Benefits and eligibility for members are established through the collective bargaining agreements and Oregon state law. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASBS No. 75. The District's post-retirement healthcare plan was established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303. ORS stipulate that for the purpose of establishing healthcare premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs) (Continued)

Eligible retirees and their dependents under age 65 are allowed to continue to enroll in the same healthcare coverage as offered to active employees. The retiree's coverage selection is available only upon retirement although coverage can continue until the retiree's age 65. The spouse's coverage is available until the spouse's age 65 but also must be selected at the time of retirement. Following the retiree's death or attainment of age 65, the retiree's spouse can continue full coverage until the spouse's age 65. The retiree or surviving spouse is responsible for paying the full premium at the applicable tier. The difference between retiree claims costs, which because of the effect of age is generally higher in comparison to all plan members, and the amount of retiree healthcare premiums represents the District's implicit employer subsidy.

Eligibility is determined by:

- For administrators and classified members, the employee must retire with an immediate service or disability retirement benefit under the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS).
- For certified members, the employee must retire with an immediate service benefit under OPERS, or be eligible for a benefit under the District's Long Term Disability program.

Total OPEB Liability for Medical Subsidy

The District's total OPEB liability for Medical Subsidy of \$1,734,149 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019 using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The sum of the explicit and implicit OPEB liability is reported as a single item within the Statement of Net Position.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation for June 30, 2021 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs) (Continued)

Valuation date	December 31, 2019			
Measurement date	June 30, 2020			
Experience study	2018, published September 2019			
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal			
Actuarial Assumptions				
Inflation Rate	2.50%			
Long-term expected rate of return	6.90%			
Discount rate	2.21%			
Projected salary increases	3.50%			
Cost of living adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in			
	accordance with Moro decision; blend based on service.			
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:			
	Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex,			
	Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-			
	backs as described in the valuation.			
	Active members:			
	Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social			
	Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and det-backs			
	as described in the valuation.			
	Disabled retirees:			
	Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex			
	Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set			
	backs as described in the valuation.			

Discount Rate - Under GASB Statement No. 75, unfunded plans must use a discount rate that reflects a 20-year tax-exempt municipal bond yield or index rate. The discount rate in effect for the June 30, 2020 reporting date is 2.75 percent, reflecting the Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Bond Index.

Healthcare Cost Trend – The actuarial calculations used an assumption that medical costs will increase 5.50 percent in the first year, 6.00 percent in the second year, and varying from 4.50 percent to 5.90 percent over the remainder of the projection period. These trends are based in part on the 2019 Segal Health Plan Cost Trend Survey. Rates are trended down in subsequent years in accordance with prevalent actuarial practice, based in part of the Society of Actuaries – Getzen Long Term Healthcare Trends Resource Model, as updated October 2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs) (Continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability for Medical Subsidy

	Sub	tal Medical osidy OPEB Liability
Balance at July 1, 2020	\$	1,563,986
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		92,232
Interest on total OPEB liability		56,657
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs		96,834
Benefit payments		(75,560)
Net changes		170,163
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	1,734,149

The discount rate in effect for the June 30, 2021 reporting date is 2.21 percent, reflecting the Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Bond Index, a decrease from 3.5 for the June 30, 2020 reporting date.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability for Medical Subsidy to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.21%)		
Total OPEB liability for medical subsidy	\$ 1,831,450	\$ 1,734,149	\$ 1,638,839

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability for Medical Subsidy to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare					
	1% Decrease		Trend Rates		1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability for medical subsidy on June 30, 2021	\$	1,583,174	\$	1,734,149	\$	1,906,741

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs) (Continued)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Medical Subsidy

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$73,220. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to the medical benefits plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		red (Inflows) Resources		Net
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	\$	401	\$ -		
Changes of assumptions or inputs		192,840	 (42,178)		
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below)		193,241	(42,178)	\$	151,063
Benefit payments subsequent to measurement date		94,894	-	-	
Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources	\$	288,135	\$ (42,178)		

Deferred outflows of resources related to the medical subsidy of \$94,894 resulting from the District's benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the medical subsidy in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to the medical subsidy will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	 Amount
2022	\$ 19,225
2023	19,225
2024	19,225
2025	24,148
2026	29,374
Thereafter	39,866
Total	\$ 151,063

Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA)

Plan Description – As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the District contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by the OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. The plan, which was established under Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 238.420, provided for a payment of up to \$60 per month toward the costs of Medicare companion health insurance for eligible retirees. An annual comprehensive financial report of the funds administered by the OPERS may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700 or by accessing the PERS website at:

http://www.oregon.gov/PERS/pages/financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs) (Continued)

Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) (Continued)

Benefits Provided – Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost, the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Contributions – PERS funding policy provides for employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates for the period were based on the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2019. The District's contribution rates for the period were 0.50 percent for Tier One/Tier Two members, and 0.43 percent for OPSRP members. The District's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021 totaled \$1,727.

Net OPEB Liability or Asset, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to RHIA

At June 30, 2021 the District reported an asset of \$229,328 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset related to RHIA. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018, rolled forward to the measurement date. The district's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the District's actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year being compared to the total actual contributions made in the fiscal year by all employers. The District's proportionate share as of the measurement date is 0.1126 percent, changed from 0.0629 percent for the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense reduction of \$81,866 related to the RHIA. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the RHIA OPEB from the following sources:

Ç	3	ed Outflows esources	red (Inflows) Resources	<u>Net</u>	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ (23,444)		
Changes of assumptions		-	(12,190)		
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on investments		25,503	-		
Changes in proportionate share		-	(50,857)		
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below)		25,503	 (86,491)	\$	(60,988)
Contributions subsequent to measurement date		1,727	 -		
Net deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources	\$	27,230	\$ (86,491)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs) (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources related to RHIA of \$1,727 resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for RHIA in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to RHIA will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount
2022	\$ (49,757)
2023	(28,703)
2024	9,427
2025	 8,045
Total	\$ (60,988)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Valuation date	December 31, 2018					
Measurement date	June 30, 2020					
Experience study	2018, published July 2019					
Actuarial Assumptions						
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal					
Inflation Rate	2.50%					
Long-term expected rate of return	7.20%					
Discount rate	7.20%					
Retiree healthcare participation	Healthy retirees: 32%					
	Disabled retirees: 20%					
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable.					
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:					
	Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex,					
	Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set- backs as described in the valuation.					
	Active members:					
	Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social					
	Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and det-backs as					
	described in the valuation.					
	Disabled retirees:					
	Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex,					
	Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-					
(C I 2	backs as described in the valuation.					

(Source: June 30, 2021 Oregon PERS ACFR; Table 28; page 73)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2018 experience study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2018.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

For a summary of assumptions related to long-term expected rate of return, please refer to pages 34-36.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) for RHIA to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) for the Retirement Health Insurance Account, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (6.20%)			count Rate (7.20%)	1% Increase (8.20%)		
Total OPEB liability (asset) for RHIA	\$	(185,144)	\$	(229,328)	\$ (267,108)		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) for RHIA to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) for RHIA is (\$229,328). The ORS stipulates a \$60 monthly payment, so there would be no change to the net OPEB liability if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The District has made available to its employees a deferred compensation plan where they may defer amounts earned until either termination by reason of death, resignation, disability, or retirement. Payment to employees will extend over a period of fifteen years. These deposits are not subject to the collateral requirements of Oregon law and are excluded from resources for budgetary purposes. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. All amounts deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

RISK MANAGEMENT

The District purchased commercial insurance to cover all commonly insurable risks, including property, liability, vehicles, fidelity bond, worker's compensation and unemployment. All policies carry a small deductible amount. No insurance claims settled in each of the prior three years have exceeded policy coverage.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, or expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any to be immaterial.

Management has represented that there are no contingent liabilities that require disclosure or recognition in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 450-20. Such contingent liabilities would include, but would not be confined to: notes or accounts receivable which have been discounted; pending suits; proceedings, hearings, or negotiations possibly involving retroactive adjustments; unsatisfied judgments or claims; taxes in dispute; endorsements or guarantees; and options.

The District is a defendant in various pending litigation and administrative proceedings from time to time. Management believes any losses arising from these actions will not materially affect the District's financial position.

The District receives a substantial portion of its operating funding from the State of Oregon. State funding is determined through statewide revenue projections, and is paid to individual school districts based on pupil counts and other factors in the State School Fund revenue formula. Since these projections and pupil counts fluctuate, they can cause the District to either have increases or decreases in revenue. The COVID-19 pandemic is expected to cause reductions in the District's pupil counts, however the extent of the effect is unknown. Due to these future uncertainties at the state level, the future effect on the District's operations cannot be determined.

EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

Oregon law prohibits expenditures in excess of board approved appropriations. The board approves appropriations for each fund by major function. For the year ended June 30, 2021, expenditures exceeded appropriations as follows:

	App	ropriation	Ex_{I}	penditure	Variance		
General Fund							
Transfers out	\$	446,000	\$	446,001	\$	(1)	
Facilities Fund							
Debt service		2,500		35,681		(33,181)	
Vehicle Replacement Fund							
Support services		130,780		140,282		(9,502)	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The Grants Fund had a deficit fund balance in the amount of \$12,040 at June 30, 2021. The deficit was restored in the subsequent fiscal year.

TAX ABATEMENTS

Tax abatements result from agreements between Lane County and others, which reduce the District's levied property taxes. As of June 30, 2021, the District was not materially affected by tax abatement agreements.



SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR PERS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30,	Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (NPL)	pro sha pen	Employer's oportionate re of the net sion liability (NPL) (1)	Covered ayroll (2)	NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2021	0.07%	\$	15,671,045	\$ 7,305,860	214.5%	0.0%
2020	0.07%		12,821,047	6,824,148	187.9%	80.2%
2019 (6)	0.08%		11,859,854	6,468,533	183.3%	82.1%
2018	0.08%		10,956,606	6,322,794	173.3%	83.1%
2017 (5)	0.09%		12,903,169	6,165,743	209.3%	80.5%
2016 (4)	0.09%		5,346,421	6,009,026	89.0%	91.9%
2015 (3)	0.09%		(2,131,920)	5,598,774	-38.1%	103.6%
2014	0.09%		4,799,679	5,637,816	85.1%	92.0%

Notes:

- (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.
- (2) Amounts for covered payroll use the prior year's data to match the measurement date used by the pension plan for each fiscal year.
- (3) The June 30, 2015 NPL reflects benefit changes from the Senate Bills 822 and 861.
- (4) The June 30, 2016 NPL reflects benefit changes from the Oregon Supreme Court's ruling in Moro v. State of Oregon, which overturned portions of Senate Bills 822 and 861.
- (5) The June 30, 2017 NPL reflects assumption changes reducing inflation rate from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent, the long-term expected rate of return from 7.75 percent to 7.50 percent, the discount rate from 7.75 percent to 7.50 percent and the projected salary increases from 3.75 percent to 3.50 percent.
- (6) The June 30, 2019 NPL reflects assumption changes reducing the long-term expected rate of return from 7.50% to 7.20% and the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.20%.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PERS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30,	ed required		Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		Contri defici (exc	iency		Covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2021	\$	1,697,709	\$	1,697,709	\$		\$	7,203,733	23.6%
_	Ф	, ,	Ф		Ф	-	Ф	, ,	
2020		1,607,446		1,607,446		-		7,305,860	22.0%
2019		1,290,252		1,290,252		-		6,824,148	18.9%
2018		1,176,036		1,176,036		-		6,468,533	18.2%
2017		958,821		958,821		-		6,322,794	15.2%
2016		949,453		949,453		-		6,165,743	15.4%
2015		1,053,572		1,053,572		-		6,009,026	17.5%
2014		988,038		988,038		-		5,598,774	17.6%

Notes:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR RHIA YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30,	Employer's proportionate sh proportion of net OPEB liability liability (NOL)		tionate share e net OPEB	Covered ayroll (2)	NOL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		
2021	0.11%	\$	(229,328)	\$ 7,203,733	-3.18%	150.1%		
2020	0.06%		(121,691)	7,184,401	-1.69%	144.3%		
2019 (4)	0.06%		(69,532)	6,468,533	-1.07%	124.0%		
2018	0.06%		(24,534)	6,322,794	-0.39%	108.9%		
2017 (3)	0.06%		16,880	6,165,743	0.27%	94.1%		

Notes:

- (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.
- (2) Amounts for covered payroll use the prior year's data to match the measurement date used by the OPEB plan for each fiscal year.
- (3) The June 30, 2017 NOL reflects assumption changes reducing inflation rate from 2.75% to 2.50%, the long-term expected rate of return from 7.75% to 7.50%, the discount rate from 7.75% to 7.50% and the projected salary increases from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- (4) The June 30, 2019 NOL reflects assumption changes reducing the long-term expected rate of return from 7.50% to 7.20% and the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.20%.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RHIA YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Year Ended June 30,	re	tutorily quired ribution	relat statutoi	ibutions in ion to the rily required tribution	Contri defici (exc	iency	Cove	ered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2021	\$	1,727	\$	1,727	\$	-	\$	7,203,733	0.02%
2020		8,037		8,037		-		7,184,401	0.11%
2019		31,212		31,212		-		6,824,148	0.46%
2018		30,083		30,083		-		6,468,533	0.47%

Notes:

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND THE SCHEDULE OF TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR MEDICAL SUBSIDY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability for Medical Subsidy

Year ended June 30,	Serv	Service costs		Interest on total OPEB liability		Difference between expected and actual		between expected		anges of umptions r other inputs	Benefit syments	i	t change in total OPEB iability
2021	\$	92,232	\$	56,657	\$	-	\$	96,834	\$ (75,560)	\$	170,163		
2020		83,957		54,411		537		144,963	(82,999)		200,869		
2019		82,942		49,050		-		(24,023)	(63,494)		44,475		
2018		87,135		39,072		-		(60,709)	(60,906)		4,592		

Schedule of Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios for Medical Subsidy

					10 tut O1 EB	
		Matalana			liability as	
		Net change		~ .	percentage	
	Total OPEB	in total	Total OPEB	Covered-	of covered-	
Year ended	liability	OPEB	liability	employee	employee	Discount
June 30,	beginning	liability	ending (1)	_payroll (2)	payroll	rate
2021	\$ 1,563,986	\$ 170,163	\$ 1,734,149	\$ 7,203,733	24.07%	3.50%
2020	1,363,117	200,869	1,563,986	7,184,401	21.77%	3.50%
2019	1,318,642	44,475	1,363,117	6,468,533	21.07%	3.87%
2018	1,314,050	4,592	1,318,642	6,322,794	20.39%	3.58%

Total OPEB

Notes:

These schedules are required to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes to the discount rate each period.

- (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined as of July 1 of odd numbered years and rolled forward to a measurement date that is 12 months prior to the reporting date.
- (2) Amounts for covered-employee payroll use the prior year's date to match the measurement date used by the OPEB plan for each fiscal year.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Actual	Variance with Final	Budget to GAAP	Actual		
	Original	Final	Budget Basis	Budget	Differences	GAAP Basis		
REVENUES								
Property taxes	\$ 3,563,000	\$ 3,563,000	\$ 3,554,162	\$ (8,838)	\$ -	\$ 3,554,162		
Intergovernmental								
Intermediate sources	49,438	49,438	56,232	6,794	-	56,232		
State sources	10,746,428	10,746,428	10,749,320	2,892	-	10,749,320		
Federal sources	-	-	347,017	347,017	-	347,017		
Charges for services	14,500	14,500	10,350	(4,150)	-	10,350		
Contributions	-	-	986	986	-	986		
Investment earnings	60,000	60,000	50,432	(9,568)	-	50,432		
Miscellaneous	213,248	213,248	171,911	(41,337)		171,911		
Total Revenues	14,646,614	14,646,614	14,940,410	293,796	-	14,940,410		
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction	8,779,152	8,779,152	8,027,335	751,817	-	8,027,335		
Support services	6,021,462	6,021,462	5,409,759	611,703	(8,520)	5,401,239		
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	8,520	8,520		
Contingency	1,500,000	1,500,000		1,500,000				
Total Expenditures	16,300,614	16,300,614	13,437,094	2,863,520		13,437,094		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1,654,000)	(1,654,000)	1,503,316	3,157,316	-	1,503,316		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(446,000)	(446,000)	(446,001)	(1)		(446,001)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(2,100,000)	(2,100,000)	1,057,315	3,157,315	-	1,057,315		
FUND BALANCE, beginning	2,100,000	2,100,000	2,218,766	118,766		2,218,766		
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,276,081	\$ 3,276,081	\$ -	\$ 3,276,081		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - FACILITIES FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Amo	unts							
	0	riginal		Final	Actual dget Basis	wi	ariance th Final Budget	\boldsymbol{G}	lget to AAP erences		Actual AP Basis
REVENUES											
Construction excise tax	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$ 36,840	\$	6,840	\$	-	\$	36,840
Intergovernmental											
Federal sources		-		-	-		-		7,865		7,865
Investment earnings		15,000		15,000	5,281		(9,719)		-		5,281
Miscellaneous		31,000		31,000	 29,531		(1,469)			-	29,531
Total Revenues		76,000		76,000	71,652		(4,348)		7,865		79,517
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
Support services		234,000		234,000	51,528		182,472		-		51,528
Debt service											
Principal		-		-	34,000		(34,000)		-		34,000
Interest		2,500		2,500	1,681		819		7,865		9,546
Contingency		878,354		878,354	 		878,354		-	-	
Total Expenditures	1	,114,854	1	1,114,854	 87,209	1	,027,645		7,865		95,074
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(1	,038,854)	(1	1,038,854)	(15,557)	1	,023,297		-		(15,557)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		136,000		136,000	125,369		(10,631)		-		125,369
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(902,854)		(902,854)	109,812	1	,012,666		-		109,812
FUND BALANCE, beginning		902,854		902,854	 666,999		(235,855)		-		666,999
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 776,811	\$	776,811	\$	-	\$	776,811

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GRANTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual Budget and GAAP	Variance with	Actual
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	GAAP Basis
REVENUES					
Intergovernmental					
Intermediate sources	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$ (5,000)	\$ -
State sources	3,919,791	3,919,791	717,411	(3,202,380)	717,411
Federal sources	737,500	737,500	416,459	(321,041)	416,459
Contributions	335,000	335,000	84,023	(250,977)	84,023
Miscellaneous	35,000	35,000	5,445	(29,555)	5,445
Total Revenues	5,032,291	5,032,291	1,223,338	(3,808,953)	1,223,338
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction	2,336,861	2,336,861	1,096,134	1,240,727	1,096,134
Support services	271,889	271,889	271,824	65	271,824
Enterprise and community services	17,751	17,751	3,392	14,359	3,392
Facilities acquisition and construction	2,405,790	2,405,790		2,405,790	
Total Expenditures	5,032,291	5,032,291	1,371,350	3,660,941	1,371,350
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	(148,012)	(148,012)	(148,012)
FUND BALANCE, beginning			135,972	135,972	135,972
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (12,040)	\$ (12,040)	\$ (12,040)

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

BUDGETARY BASIS ACCOUNTING

The District accounts for certain transactions on a budgetary basis which differs from GAAP basis. A description of the principal differences between the budgetary basis and GAAP in recording and reporting transactions follows:

	Budgetary Basis	GAAP Basis
Properties acquired by long-term financing such as from capital leases or installment contracts	Only the current year's payment is recorded as a capital outlay expenditure of the fund in which payments are budgeted.	The net present value of the total stream of payments is recorded in the fund from which payments will be made as an expenditure in the year of acquisition with a corresponding offset to other financing sources. Subsequent payments on the obligations are recorded as debt service expenditures.
Classification of expenditures by character	The character of expenditures (current expenditures, capital outlay, debt service) is reported at the object level. Budgets and appropriations are made for each major function.	Expenditures are classified and reported by character (current expenditures, capital outlay and debt service) within the financial statements.
Donated capital assets	The revenue and expenditures arising from the receipt of donated capital assets are not recorded in the budgetary basis financial statements.	The fair value of donated capital assets is recorded as contribution revenue and capital outlay expenditures in the fund from which the purchase of the same assets would have been recorded.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Budget and	Variance with
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ 1,450,619	\$ 1,450,619	\$ 1,477,385	\$ 26,766
Investment earnings	11,000	11,000	12,388	1,388
Miscellaneous	417,400	417,400	415,945	(1,455)
Total Revenues	1,879,019	1,879,019	1,905,718	26,699
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service				
Principal	1,445,000	1,445,000	1,445,000	-
Interest and other charges	439,400	439,400	439,383	17
Contingency	2,000	2,000		2,000
Total Expenditures	1,886,400	1,886,400	1,884,383	2,017
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(7,381)	(7,381)	21,335	28,716
FUND BALANCE, beginning	147,000	147,000	139,988	(7,012)
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 139,619	\$ 139,619	\$ 161,323	\$ 21,704

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

					Speci	al Revenue						
		utrition		Student						Vehicle	_	
		ervices		1 <i>ctivity</i>	Scholarship		Student Body		Replacement		Total	
ASSETS	•		•	21.040	•	25.265	•	215.250	•	41.110	•	215 505
Cash and investments	\$	25,811	\$	21,848	\$	37,267	\$	217,370	\$	41,110	\$	317,595 25,811
Receivable from other governments Inventories		8,798		-		-		-		-		8,798
inventories		0,790										0,790
Total Assets	\$	34,609	\$	21,848	\$	37,267	\$	217,370	\$	41,110	\$	352,204
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES												
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	4,428	\$	454	\$		\$		\$		\$	4,882
Due to other funds	Ф	29,666	Φ	434	Φ	_	Ф	-	Ф	-	Φ	29,666
Due to other raines		27,000		-				-		-		27,000
Total Liabilities		34,094		454		-		-		-		34,548
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable												
Inventories		8,798		-		-		-		-		8,798
Committed to												
Student body		-		21,394		37,267		217,370		-		276,031
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		41,110		41,110
Unassigned		(8,283)										(8,283)
Total Fund Balances		515		21,394		37,267		217,370		41,110		317,656
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	34,609	\$	21,848	\$	37,267	\$	217,370	\$	41,110	\$	352,204

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					Speci	ial Revenue						
	Nu	trition	S	Student	•				J	Vehicle	_	
	Se	rvices	P.	1 <i>ctivity</i>	Sch	olarship	Stu	lent Body	Rep	olacement		Total
REVENUES		<u>.</u>										
Intergovernmental												
State sources	\$	4,708	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	80,700	\$	85,408
Federal sources		351,602		-		-		-		-		351,602
Charges for services		166		6,695		-		25,526		-		32,387
Contributions		-		-		1,000		21,964		-		22,964
Investment earnings		-		-		120		-		825		945
Miscellaneous		172						4		1,378		1,554
Total Revenues		356,648		6,695		1,120		47,494		82,903		494,860
EXPENDITURES												
Current												
Instruction		-		240,626		-		49,908		-		290,534
Enterprise and community services		414,640		-		2,950		-		-		417,590
Debt service												
Principal		-		-		-		-		45,835		45,835
Interest and other charges		-		-		-		-		3,873		3,873
Capital outlay										90,574		90,574
Total Expenditures		414,640		240,626		2,950		49,908		140,282		848,406
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(57,002)		(222 021)		(1.920)		(2.414)		(57, 270)		(252.54()
OVER EATENDITURES		(57,992)		(233,931)		(1,830)		(2,414)		(57,379)		(353,546)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		58,500		250,000						12,132		320,632
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		508		16,069		(1,830)		(2,414)		(45,247)		(32,914)
FUND BALANCES, beginning		7		5,325		39,097		219,784		86,357		350,570
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$	515	\$	21,394	\$	37,267	\$	217,370	\$	41,110	\$	317,656

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - NUTRITION SERVICES FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgeted .	Amo	unts		Actual udget and	Var	iance with
	Oı	riginal		Final	GA	AP Basis	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental								
State sources	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	4,708	\$	(5,292)
Federal sources		392,000		392,000		351,602		(40,398)
Charges for services		108,600		108,600		166		(108,434)
Miscellaneous		750		750		172		(578)
Total Revenues		511,350		511,350		356,648		(154,702)
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Enterprise and community services		531,297		531,297		414,640		116,657
Contingency		7,053		7,053				7,053
Total Expenditures		538,350		538,350		414,640		123,710
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(27,000)		(27,000)		(57,992)		(30,992)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		20,000		20,000		58,500		38,500
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(7,000)		(7,000)		508		7,508
FUND BALANCE, beginning		7,000		7,000		7		(6,993)
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$		\$		\$	515	\$	515

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 Budgeted	Amo		Bu	Actual dget and		ance with
	 riginal		Final	GA	AP Basis	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 62,000	\$	62,000	\$	6,695	\$	(55,305)
Contributions	5,839		5,839				(5,839)
Total Revenues	67,839		67,839		6,695		(61,144)
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Instruction	269,178		269,178		240,626		28,552
Support services	55,000		55,000		-		55,000
Contingency	 5,661		5,661		_		5,661
Total Expenditures	 329,839		329,839		240,626		89,213
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(262,000)		(262,000)		(233,931)		28,069
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	250,000		250,000		250,000		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(12,000)		(12,000)		16,069		28,069
FUND BALANCE, beginning	 12,000		12,000		5,325		(6,675)
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	21,394	\$	21,394

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SCHOLARSHIP FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

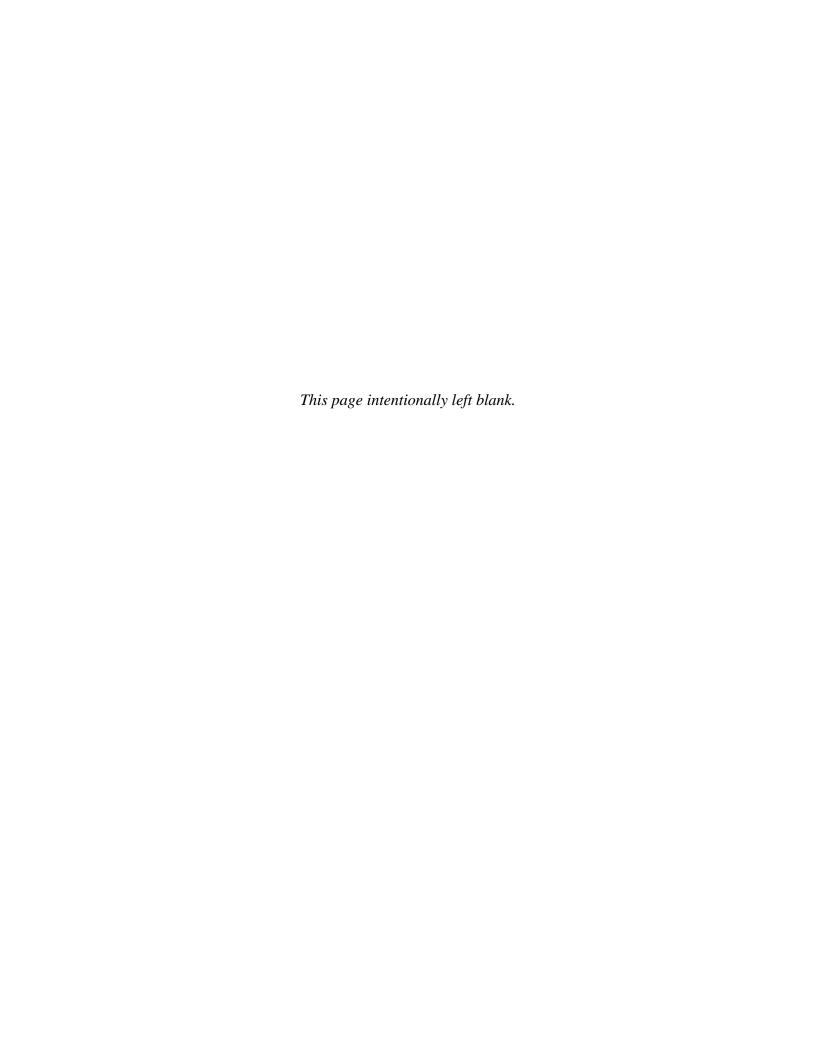
		Budgeted	Amo	unts	-	Actual Aget and	Vari	iance with
	0	riginal		Final	GA	AP Basis	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES							'	
Contributions	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	1,000	\$	(19,000)
Investment earnings		250		250		120		(130)
Total Revenues		20,250		20,250		1,120		(19,130)
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Enterprise and community services		20,250		20,250		2,950		17,300
Contingency		26,500		26,500		-		26,500
Total Expenditures		46,750		46,750		2,950		43,800
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(26,500)		(26,500)		(1,830)		24,670
FUND BALANCE, beginning		26,500		26,500		39,097		12,597
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	37,267	\$	37,267

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STUDENT BODY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual udget and	Var	riance with
	Original		Final	GA	AP Basis	Fin	ial Budget
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$ 209,600	\$	209,600	\$	25,526	\$	(184,074)
Contributions	45,000		45,000		21,964		(23,036)
Miscellaneous	 3,500		3,500		4		(3,496)
Total Revenues	258,100		258,100		47,494		(210,606)
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Instruction	258,100		258,100		49,908		208,192
Contingency	 135,000		135,000				135,000
Total Expenditures	 393,100		393,100		49,908		343,192
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(135,000)		(135,000)		(2,414)		132,586
FUND BALANCE, beginning	 135,000		135,000		219,784		84,784
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$ 	\$		\$	217,370	\$	217,370

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - VEHICLE REPLACEMENT FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Budgeted	Amo	unts	4	Actual	ariance th Final		lget to AAP	2	Actual
	(Original		Final	Buc	lget Basis	 Budget	Diffe	erences	GA	AP Basis
REVENUES											
Intergovernmental											
State sources	\$	147,726	\$	147,726	\$	80,700	\$ (67,026)	\$	-	\$	80,700
Investment earnings		800		800		825	25		-		825
Miscellaneous						1,378	 1,378		-		1,378
Total Revenues		148,526		148,526		82,903	(65,623)		-		82,903
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
Support services		130,780		130,780		140,282	(9,502)	(140,282)		-
Debt service											
Principal		-		-		-	-		45,835		45,835
Interest		-		-		-	-		3,873		3,873
Capital outlay		-		-		-	-		90,574		90,574
Contingency		144,168		144,168			 144,168				-
Total Expenditures		274,948		274,948		140,282	 134,666				140,282
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(126,422)		(126,422)		(57,379)	69,043		-		(57,379)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		40,000		40,000		12,132	 (27,868)		-		12,132
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(86,422)		(86,422)		(45,247)	41,175		-		(45,247)
FUND BALANCE, beginning		86,422		86,422		86,357	 (65)				86,357
FUND BALANCE, ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,110	\$ 41,110	\$		\$	41,110





				Special	
Code	Function		General	Revenue	Debt Service
	LOCAL REVENUES				
1111	Current year's taxes	\$	3,499,497	\$ -	\$ 1,449,679
1112	Prior year's taxes		54,665	-	27,706
1130	Construction excise tax		-	36,840	-
1500	Earnings on investments		50,432	6,226	12,388
1600	Food service		-	166	=
1700	Extracurricular activities		10.250	32,221	-
1910	Rentals		10,350	106.007	-
1920	Contributions and donations from private sources		986	106,987	-
1970	Services provided other funds		-	-	415,945
1990	Miscellaneous		171,911	36,530	
1000	Total Local Revenues		3,787,841	218,970	1,905,718
	INTERMEDIATE REVENUES				
2101	County school funds		45,238	-	-
2800	Revenue in lieu of taxes		10,994	_	_
2000	revenue in neu or takes	-			
2000	Total Intermediate Revenues		56,232	-	-
	STATE REVENUES				
3101	State school fund - general support		10,344,713	-	-
3102	State school fund - school lunch match		-	4,708	-
3103	Common school fund		73,273	-	-
3199	Other unrestricted grants-in-aid		331,334	-	-
3222	State school fund (SSF) transportation equipment		-	80,700	-
3299	Other restricted grants-in-aid		=	717,412	-
3000	Total State Revenues		10,749,320	802,820	-
	FEDERAL REVENUES				
4500	Restricted revenue from the federal government through the state		302,821	728,323	_
4801	Federal forest fees		44,196	720,323	_
4900	Revenue for/on behalf of the district			39,737	-
4000	Total Federal Revenues		347,017	768,060	-
	OTHER COURCES				
5200	OTHER SOURCES Interfund trans fers			446,001	
3200	interiund transfers		-	440,001	
5400	FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		2,218,766	1,153,541	139,988
	Total Resources	\$	17,159,176	\$ 3,389,392	\$ 2,045,706

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

				100		200 Employee	
<u>e</u>	Function		Total	Salaries		Benefits	
	INSTRUCTION						
00	Regular programs	Φ.	2 705 027	Ф	1 (24 (20	ф	1 100 202
11	Primary, K-5 or K-6	\$	2,785,927	\$	1,624,628	\$	1,108,392
21	Middle/junior high programs		1,424,660		835,623		553,659
31	High school programs		1,619,036		949,579		637,222
32	High school extracurricular		7,834		5,557		2,277
00	Special programs						
10	Programs for the talented and gifted		1,167		-		
20	Restrictive programs for students with disabilities		16,025		11,568		4,331
50	Less restrictive programs for students with disabilities		1,934,901		695,487		525,889
30	Alternative education		55,297		19,427		14,60
90	Designated programs						
91	English language learner		182,488		107,679		74,809
00	Total Instruction		8,027,335		4,249,548		2,921,180
	SUPPORT SERVICES						
00	Students						
20	Guidance services		208,770		122,082		86,688
10	Psychological services		742		-		
0	Speech pathology and audiology services		125,580		66,578		49,989
0	Service direction, student support services		178,741		103,487		69,02
00	Instructional staff		,		Ź		,
0	Improvement of instruction services		62,273		36,525		25,74
20	Educational media services		141,195		57,424		53,800
0	Assessment and testing		470				,
0	Instructional staff development		20,509		_		17,933
00	General administration		20,000				17,500
0	Board of education services		13,484		_		
20	Executive administration services		306,029		171,839		109,672
00	School administration		300,027		171,037		107,072
0	Office of the principal services		1,176,306		725,798		425,573
0	Other support services - school administration		84,838		51,604		31,983
0	Business		04,030		31,004		31,96.
			376,924		157 690		112 600
0.0	Fiscal services				157,680		112,699
0	Operation and maintenance of plant services		1,197,092		352,038		246,230
0	Student transportation services		768,142		383,097		293,094
00	Central activities		650 405		115.000		65 000
0	Technology services		658,435		115,039		67,083
00	Other support services - central		38,779		27,113		11,666
00	Supplemental retirement program		51,450				51,450
00	Total Support Services		5,409,759		2,370,304		1,652,635
	OTHER USES						
00	Transfers of funds		446,001		446,001		
00	FUND BALANCE, End of year		3,276,081		_		
	Total Expenditures and Ending Balance	\$	17,159,176	\$	7,065,853	\$	4,573,815

300 Purchased	400 Supplies &	600 Other	700		
Services	Materials	Objects	Transfers		
\$ 24,093	\$ 28,814	\$ -	\$ -		
4,542	30,836	-	-		
11,171	21,064	-	-		
, -	, <u>-</u>	-	-		
-	1,167	-	-		
73	53	-	-		
711,490	1,895	140	-		
21,269	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-		
772 629	83,829	140			
772,638	83,829	140	-		
-	_	-	-		
_	742	-	-		
8,352	661	-	-		
5,156	307	764	-		
20,721	9,250	-	-		
20,721	470	_	_		
300	2,276	-	-		
3,912	382	9,190	-		
21,167	2,696	655	-		
5,126	18,529	1,280	_		
-	1,251	-	-		
62,483	1,840	42,222	-		
308,350	187,742	102,732	-		
18,574	52,674	20,703	-		
104,145	371,868	300	-		
-	-	-	-		
558,286	650,688	177,846	-		
			-		
			3,276,081		
\$ 1,330,924	\$ 734,517	\$ 177,986	\$ 3,276,081		

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY – SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

de	Function Total				100 Salaries	200 Employee Benefits		
	INSTRUCTION					-		
100	Regular programs							
111	Primary, K-5 or K-6	\$	10,879	\$	5,018	\$	400	
113	Elementary extracurricular	•	10,354	•	-	,	_	
21	Middle/junior high programs		9,910		_		_	
22	Middle/junior high school extracurricular		47,899		27,054		9,183	
31	High school programs		243,111		109,208		62,496	
32	High school extracurricular		232,280		133,297		36,474	
00	Special programs		202,200		100,297		50,.,.	
50	Less restrictive programs for students with disabilities		336,178		202,350		120,914	
0	Educationally disadvantaged		220,170		202,550		120,>11	
2	Title IA/D		238,217		138,166		90,683	
00	Designated programs		230,217		130,100		70,003	
91	English language learner		144,494		82,926		58,878	
1	English language learner		177,777		02,720		30,070	
00	Total Instruction		1,273,322		698,019		379,028	
	SUPPORT SERVICES							
00	Students							
0	Attendance and social work services		22,314		10,235		817	
20	Guidance services		183,759		108,067		75,692	
0	Health services		1,856		-		-	
0	Psychological services		20,406		-		-	
0	Instructional staff							
0	Improvement of instruction services		42,678		-		-	
0	Instructional staff development		16,711		7,549		3,260	
0	Business							
0	Fiscal services		41,934		-		-	
0	Operation and maintenance of plant services		51,528		-		-	
0	Student transportation services		140,282		-		-	
0	Central activities							
0.	Planning, research, development, evaluation services,		55,112		31,577		23,535	
	grant writing and statistical services							
10	Staff services		400		-		-	
00	Total Support Services		576,980		157,428		103,304	
	ENTERPRISE AND COMMUNITY SERVICES							
00	Food services		414,640		135,123		102,316	
00	Community services		6,342		1,907		1,277	
00	Total Enterprise and Community Services		420,982		137,030		103,593	
	OTHER USES							
00	Debt service		35,681		_		_	
,0	Dest service		33,001					
00	CONTINGENCIES		-		-		-	
00	FUND BALANCE, End of year		1,082,427		-		-	
			3,389,392	-	992,477	\$	585,925	

600 Other Objects	 500 Capital Outlay	400 Supplies & Materials	300 Purchased Services	
-	\$ -	\$ \$ 5,461	_	
-	-	10,324	30	
-	-	9,910	-	
-	-	8,294	3,368	
-	-	69,350	2,057	
5,049	-	41,251	16,209	
-	-	4,154	8,760	
-	-	-	9,368	
-	-	2,690	-	
5,049	-	151,434	39,792	
_	_	10,606	656	
_	_	-	-	
-	-	_	1,856	
-	-	-	20,406	
-	-	22,678	20,000	
-	-	1,458	4,444	
-	-	-	41,934	
-	-	2,539	48,989	
49,708	90,574	-	-	
-	-	-	-	
-	-	 	400	
49,708	90,574	37,281	138,685	
2,313	_	170,336	4,552	
-	 -	208	2,950	
2,313	-	170,544	7,502	
35,681	 -		-	
-	-	-	-	
1,082,427	-	-	-	
1,175,178	\$ 90,574	\$ \$ 359,259	185,979	

EXPENDITURE SUMMARY – DEBT SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Code	OTHER USES Debt service		00 aries	200 Employee Benefits		
	OTHER USES		_			
5100	Debt service	\$	1,884,383	\$ -	\$	-
7000	FUND BALANCE, End of year		161,323	 		
	Total Expenditures and Ending Balance	\$	2,045,706	\$ 	\$	-

Pur	300 Purchased Services		400 Supplies & Materials		500 Capital Outlay	 600 Other Objects		700 Transfers
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,884,383	\$	-
	-		-		-	-		161,323
\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 1,884,383	\$	161,323

SCHEDULE OF SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION REQUIRED BY OREGON DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

A. Energy Bill for Heating - **All Funds**:

Please enter your expenditures for electricity heating fuel, and water & sewage for these Functions & Objects.

	Obj	ects 325, 326 & 327
Function 2540	\$	222,018
Function 2550	\$	-

B. Replacement of Equipment – **General Fund**:

Include all General Fund expenditures in object 542, except for the following exclusions:

\$	-

Elementary Extracurricular
Middle/Junior High School Extracurricular
High School Extracurricular
Pre-Kindergarten
Continuing Education
Summer School
Pupil Transportation
Food Service
Community Services
Construction





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

School Board Creswell School District Creswell, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of Creswell School District, Lane County, Oregon (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated February 7, 2022.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- State school fund factors and calculation.

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations except for expenditures in excess of appropriations as indicated in the notes to the financial statements.

Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management of the Creswell School District and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Bv:

Larry E. Grant, A Shareholder

February 7, 2022

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Entity Identifying Number	tal Federal penditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed through Oregon Department of Education			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	58238	\$ 158,904
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	60637	203,908
Special Education Preschool Grants	84.173	60481	 2,120
Subtotal Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			206,028
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	58733	9,276
COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	57785	206,310
COVID 19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	60903	 96,511
Subtotal COVID 19 - Federal Relief Funding			302,821
Passed through Lane County Education Service District			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	N/A	4,777
Transition Programs for Students with Intellectual Disabilities into Higher Education	84.407	N/A	37,472
Total U.S. Department of Education			719,278
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed through Oregon Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
National School Lunch-Breakfast (NSLP)	10.553	N/A	120,334
National School Lunch Program-Lunch (NSLP)	10.555	N/A	191,531
National School Lunch Program (NSLP) - non cash commodities	10.555	N/A	 39,737
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			351,602
Passed through Lane County Education Service District			
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster	10.665	N T/ A	44.106
Schools and Roads - Grants to States Subtotal Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster	10.665	N/A	 44,196 44,196
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			 395,798
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,115,076
RECONCILIATION TO FEDERAL REVENUE RECOGNIZED			
Expenditures of Federal Awards reported on the SEFA			\$ 1,115,076
Federal interest subsidy not required to be included on the SEFA			7,865
Rounding			 2
TOTAL FEDERAL REVENUE RECOGNIZED			\$ 1,122,943

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Purpose of the Schedule

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance due to the District having a negotiated indirect cost rate with Oregon Department of Education and therefore is not allowed to use the de minimis rate.

Federal Financial Assistance

Pursuant to Uniform Guidance, federal financial assistance is defined as assistance provided by a federal agency, either directly or indirectly, in the form of grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, loans, loan guarantees, property, interest subsidies, insurance or direct appropriations. Accordingly, non-monetary federal assistance, including federal surplus property, is included in federal financial assistance and, therefore, is reported on the Schedule, if applicable. Federal financial assistance does not include direct federal cash assistance to individuals. Solicited contracts between the state and federal government for which the federal government procures tangible goods or services are not considered to be federal financial assistance.

Major Programs

Uniform Guidance establishes criteria to be used in defining major federal financial assistance programs. Major programs for the District are those programs selected for testing by the auditor using a risk-assessment model, as well as certain minimum expenditure requirements, as outlined in Uniform Guidance. Programs with similar requirements may be grouped into a cluster for testing purposes.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is fully described in notes to the financial statements. The Schedule includes all federal programs administered by the District for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Revenue and Expenditure Recognition

The receipt and expenditure of federal awards are accounted for under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Creswell School District Creswell, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining information of the Creswell School District, Lane County, Oregon, (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 7, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Grove, Mueller & Swank, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS February 7, 2022

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

School Board Creswell School District Creswell, Oregon

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Creswell School District, Lane County, Oregon, (the District)'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Grove, Mueller & Swank, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS February 7, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? None reported Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with

2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

Major programs:

Assistance Listing Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster

10.553, 10.555, 10.556, 10.559, & 10.579 84.425

Child Nutrition Cluster Education Stabilization Fund

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

\$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

No

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None.

 $SCHEDULE\ OF\ PRIOR\ YEAR\ FINDINGS\ AND\ QUESTIONED\ COSTS\\ YEAR\ ENDED\ JUNE\ 30,\ 2021$

PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None.